# EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with required and additional supplementary information)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



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2425 E. Grand River Ave., Suite 1, Lansing, MI 48912

중 517.323.7500
 ➡ 517.323.6346

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Education of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency

## **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, in 2022 the Agency adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- > Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's basic financial statements. The accompanying additional supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the additional supplementary information, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 14, 2022 on our consideration of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Manes Costerinan PC

October 14, 2022

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

As management of the Eaton Regional Education Service Agency, we offer readers of the Agency's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Agency for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

The management's discussion and analysis is provided at the beginning of the audit to provide in layman's terms the past and current position of the Agency's financial condition. This summary should not be taken as a replacement for the audit which consists of the financial statements and other supplementary and additional information that presents all the Agency's revenue and expenditures by program.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Our financial statements provide these insights into the results of this year's operations.

#### Governmental-wide statements:

The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the Agency exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by (\$26,003,992) (*net position*).

## Fund level statements:

- ➢ As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Agency's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,056,933, an increase of \$18,655 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the aggregated fund balances for the Agency's operating funds (general fund, special education fund, and career and technical education fund) was \$6,162,748 or 14% of the total expenditures of these operating funds. On page 15 you will find a breakdown of the fund balance of the three operating funds.

## **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction of the Agency's basic financial statements. The Agency's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Agency's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Agency's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between these reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Agency is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Agency's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements display functions of the Agency that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The activities of the Agency include instruction, support services, community service, and transfers to locals and other services. The Agency has no business-type activities as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022.

**Fund financial statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Agency, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Agency fall within the governmental fund type category.

**Governmental funds.** *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Agency's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for government activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Agency's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Agency maintains numerous governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, special education fund, career and technical education fund, each of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The Agency adopts annual appropriated budgets for its general, special education, and career and technical education funds. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules have been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

The Agency also maintains one fiduciary fund. Fiduciary funds are for assets that belong to others, such as certain student activities funds where the Agency is the trustee or fiduciary. The Agency cannot use these assets to finance its operations, but it is responsible to ensure that these funds are used for their intended purposes. Only measurable and currently available funds are reported. Liabilities to beneficiaries are recognized when an event has occurred that compels the Agency to disburse fiduciary resources.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning budgetary information for the Agency's major funds and pension and OPEB related information.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Our auditor has provided assurance in their independent auditor's report, located immediately preceding this Management's Discussion and Analysis, that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated. Varying degrees of assurance are being provided by the auditor regarding the Required Supplementary Information and the Additional Information identified above. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts in the financial section.

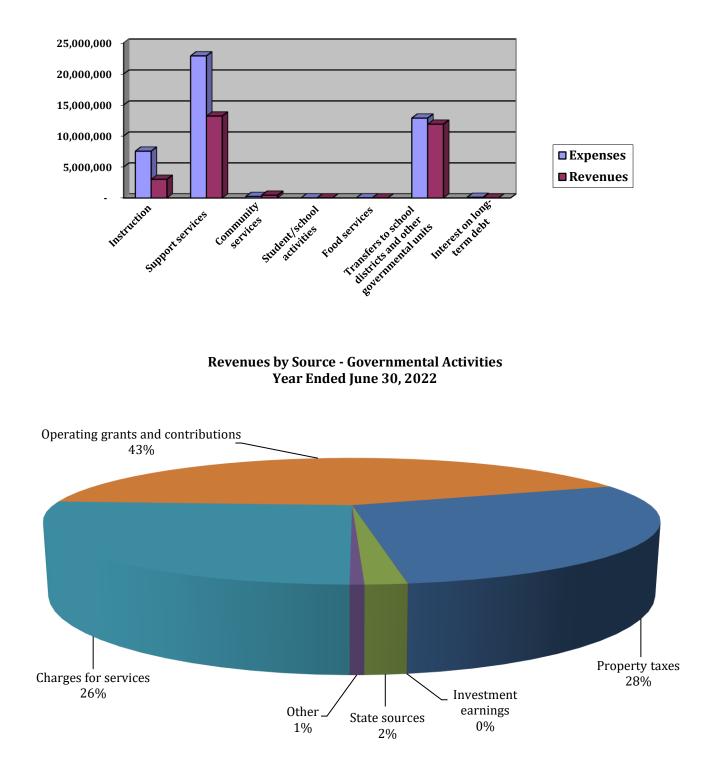
## **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

The following table shows the Agency's net position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Eaton Regional Education S Net Position					
	2022	2021*			
Assets					
Current assets	\$ 14,764,866	\$ 13,635,038			
Capital assets	6,797,145	7,020,466			
Total assets	21,562,011	20,655,504			
Deferred outflows of resources	9,980,441	13,227,812			
Liabilities					
Current liabilities	7,903,978	6,614,173			
Noncurrent liabilities	2,848,932	3,115,456			
Net pension liability	27,385,075	38,806,616			
Net other postemployment benefit liability	1,799,153	6,189,206			
Total liabilities	39,937,138	54,725,451			
Deferred inflows of resources	17,609,306	6,280,366			
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	3,785,054	3,921,158			
Unrestricted	(29,789,046)	(31,043,659)			
Total net position	\$ (26,003,992)	\$ (27,122,501)			
*The 2021 Figures have not been updated for the adoption of GASB 87.					

''S		
2022		2021*
1,650,512	\$	10,690,947
3,874,787		17,925,579
569,542		555,117
3,566,994		8,347,993
2,850,320		2,781,444
8,296		3,704
744,800		716,153
231,368		245,545
3,496,619		41,266,482
3,522,972		7,553,48
l,173,085		22,929,80
215,027		248,55
1,446		14,14
71,197		24,122
2,292,614		12,888,45
101,769		104,53
2,378,110		43,763,076
l,118,509		(2,496,594
7,122,501)	(	24,625,90
5,003,992)	\$ (	27,122,50
	7,122,501 <u>)</u> 5,003,992 <u>)</u>	

**Governmental Activities.** Net position increased by \$1,130,180 during the current period.



## Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

## Major Governmental Funds Budgeting and Operating Highlights

The Agency's budgets are prepared according to Michigan law. The most significant budgeted funds are the general fund, special education fund, and career and technical education fund.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Agency amended the budgets of these major governmental funds two times.

**General Fund -** The general fund actual revenue was \$10.59 million. That amount is above the original budget estimate of \$9.12 million and below the final budget amendment of \$10.62 million. The variance with the final budget can be attributed to less than expected revenue from federal sources.

The actual expenditures of the general fund were \$12.13 million, which is above the original budget of \$10.95 million and consistent with the final amendment of \$12.14 million.

General fund had total revenues of \$10.59 million plus transfers in of \$2.03 million and total expenditures of \$12.13 million plus transfers out of \$150.85 thousand resulting in a net increase of \$326.70 thousand and an ending fund balance of \$2.35 million.

**Special Education Fund -** The special education fund actual revenue was \$28.21 million. That amount is below the original budget of \$28.28 million and below the final amendment of \$28.38 million. The variance with the final budget can be attributed to less than expected revenue from interdistrict sources.

The actual expenditures of the special education fund were \$26.64 million, which is above the original budget of \$26.16 million and consistent with the final amendment of \$26.66 million.

Special education fund had total revenue of \$28.21 million and total expenditures of \$26.64 million plus transfers out of \$2.16 million resulting in a net decrease of \$592.72 thousand and an ending fund balance of \$368.82 thousand.

**Career and Technical Education Fund -** The career and technical education fund actual revenue was \$4.98 million. That amount is above the original budget of \$4.67 million and consistent with the final amendment of \$4.96 million.

The actual expenditures were \$4.57 million, which is below the original budget of \$5.02 million and below the final amendment of \$4.61 million. The variance with the final budget can be attributed to less than expected expenditures for pupil transportation.

Career and technical education fund had total revenue of \$4.98 million and total expenditures of \$4.57 million plus transfers out of \$195.17 thousand resulting in a net increase of \$210.74 thousand and an ending fund balance of \$3.44 million.

**Governmental Funds -** The focus of the Agency's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Agency's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of an agency's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Agency. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance was \$2,173,378, while total fund balance of the general fund was \$2,352,364. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 18% of total general fund expenditures and operating transfers out, while total fund balance represents 19%.

The fund balance of the Agency's general fund increased by \$326,700 during the current fiscal year. The largest revenue source in this fund is state revenue which includes state aid. Expenditures consist primarily of costs associated with supporting early education, learning resources, executive administration, and fiscal services of the Agency.

The special education fund at year end had restricted fund balance of \$359,967, while total fund balance of the special education fund was \$368,815. Restricted fund balance represents approximately 1% of total special education fund expenditures and operating transfers out, while total fund balance also represents approximately 1%.

The fund balance of the Agency's special education fund decreased by \$592,717 from the prior year. These resources are restricted for special education programs administered by the Agency and transfers to local districts for special education programs. The largest portion of this fund's revenues come from local revenue which includes property taxes while the largest expenditures are for the center and categorical programs and pupil support services to the local districts which include a large number of itinerant staff.

The career and technical education fund at year end had restricted fund balance of \$3,422,432, while total fund balance for the career and technical education fund was \$3,441,569. Restricted fund balance represents approximately 72% of total career and technical education fund expenditures and operating transfers out, while total fund balance also represents approximately 72%.

The fund balance of the Agency's career and technical education fund increased by \$210,736 from the prior year. These resources are restricted for career and technical education purposes. The largest portion of this fund's revenues comes from property taxes while the expenditures are for the programs at the Technical Center.

## **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets** - At the end of fiscal year 2022, the Agency had \$11.57 million invested in construction in progress, buildings and improvements, office and instructional equipment, transportation, and right to use – leased equipment. Of this amount, \$4.78 million in depreciation has been taken over the years. The Agency has net capital assets of \$6.80 million.

	2022	2021*
Construction in process Buildings and improvements Furniture, fixtures, and equipment Vehicles and buses Right to use - leased equipment	\$ 20,370 9,992,834 1,408,670 54,453 96,665	9,959,2341,244,733554,458
Subtotal	11,573,012	11,267,236
Accumulated depreciation	4,775,860	6 4,246,770
Total	\$ 6,797,14	5 \$ 7,020,466

Additional information on the Agency's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

The Agency's long-term obligations at June 30, 2022 is \$3,016,568. Additional information on the Agency's long-term obligations can be found in Note 7 of this report.

## **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the Agency was aware of existing circumstances that could affect its financial health in the future.

The Agency receives a substantial amount of its operating funds from local property taxes. Since property values increased at a higher rate than inflation for tax year 2022, the Agency will experience a Headlee rollback in the general, special education, and career and technical education funds for fiscal year 2022-23.

The Agency anticipates an increase in special education reimbursement from the State of Michigan based on the 2022-23 School Aid budget that was passed in the summer of 2022.

The Agency will operate an additional Great Start Readiness Program (GSRP) classroom within its service area for a total of 11 in 2022-23. The School Aid budget for 2022-23 includes an increase of \$450 per full day student, which aligns with the foundation increase for local districts.

The Agency successfully negotiated a successor contract with its professional personnel bargaining unit prior to the June 30, 2022 expiration date. Management and union personnel reached a two-year agreement which includes new pay scales that are within current market comparable salaries. This contract covers about sixty percent of the Agency's personnel. Additionally, the Agency successfully negotiated a two-year agreement the prior fiscal year with its support personnel bargaining unit, which will expire on June 30, 2023.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and customers with a general overview of the Agency's finances and to demonstrate the Agency's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Tina Monroe, Executive Director of Finance & Operations, Eaton Regional Education Service Agency, 1790 E. Packard Highway, Charlotte, MI 48813.

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

		vernmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	6,702,731 2,156,390
Receivables Accounts receivable Taxes receivable		73,766 9,411
Intergovernmental		5,615,597
Prepaids		206,971
Capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization		20,376 6,776,769
TOTAL ASSETS		21,562,011
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to pension		7,105,721
Related to other postemployment benefit		2,874,720
		9,980,441
LIABILITIES		056402
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and related items		856,482 1,131,406
Accrued retirement		655,310
Accrued expenditures		283,855
Accrued interest		16,738
Intergovernmental payable		1,705,384
Unearned revenue		3,075,496
Noncurrent liabilities		170 207
Due within one year Due in more than one year		179,307 2,848,932
Net pension liability		27,385,075
Net other postemployment benefit liability		1,799,153
TOTAL LIABILITIES		39,937,138
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to pension		9,013,648
Related to other postemployment benefit Related to state funding for pension		6,731,196 1,864,462
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		17,609,306
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		3,785,054
Unrestricted	(	29,789,046)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (	26,003,992)

See notes to financial statements.

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Charges for Services	Governmental Activities Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Governmental activities				
Instruction	\$ 8,522,972	\$ 25,974	\$ 3,667,188	\$ (4,829,810)
Support services	21,173,085	2,210,477	11,019,764	(7,942,844)
Community services	215,027	268,350	182,518	235,841
Student/school activities	1,446	-	7,938	6,492
Food services	71,197	-	76,712	5,515
Transfers to school districts and				
other governmental units	12,292,614	9,145,711	3,920,667	773,764
Interest on long-term debt	101,769			(101,769)
Total governmental activities	\$ 42,378,110	\$ 11,650,512	\$ 18,874,787	(11,852,811)
General revenues				
Property taxes, levied for general purp	oses			569,542
Property taxes, levied for special education				8,566,994
Property taxes, levied for career and te				2,850,320
Investment earnings				8,296
State sources not restricted to specific	purposes			744,800
Other				231,368
Total general revenues				12,971,320
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				1,118,509
NET POSITION, beginning of year				(27,122,501)
NET POSITION, end of year				\$ (26,003,992)

See notes to financial statements.

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

				Special	Reve	nue				
	Ge	eneral Fund	]	Special Education Fund		Career and Technical acation Fund	Ν	Total Jonmajor Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	¢	2 255 256	¢	727 (04	¢	1 010 750	¢	005 020	¢	( 702 721
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	3,255,356 297,658	\$	727,694 175,624	\$	1,813,752	\$	905,929	\$	6,702,731
Receivables		297,058		175,024		1,683,108		-		2,156,390
Accounts receivable		73,136		630		_		_		73,766
Property taxes receivable		447		6,724		2,240				9,411
Intergovernmental		2,541,197		2,748,485		319,205		6,710		5,615,597
Due from other funds		2,341,177 2,816		2,740,403		517,205		0,710		2,816
Prepaids		178,986		8,848		19,137		-		2,810
Trepalus		170,700		0,040		17,137				200,771
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,349,596	\$	3,668,005	\$	3,837,442	\$	912,639	\$	14,767,682
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	314,696	\$	518,490	\$	9,362	\$	13,934	\$	856,482
Accrued salaries and related items		244,352		798,645		88,409		-		1,131,406
Accrued retirement		160,875		440,243		54,192		-		655,310
Accrued expenditures		47,602		216,114		20,139		-		283,855
Intergovernmental payable		807,434		672,475		223,771		1,704		1,705,384
Due to other funds		-		-		-		2,816		2,816
Unearned revenue		2,422,273		653,223		-		-		3,075,496
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,997,232		3,299,190		395,873		18,454		7,710,749
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable										
Prepaids		178,986		8,848		19,137		-		206,971
Restricted										
Special education		-		359,967		-		-		359,967
Career and technical education		-		-		3,422,432		-		3,422,432
Food service		-		-		-		2,174		2,174
Commited										
Student/school activities		-		-		-		31,250		31,250
Assigned										
Debt service		-		-		-		28,491		28,491
Capital projects		-		-		-		832,270		832,270
Unassigned		2,173,378		-	·					2,173,378
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		2,352,364		368,815		3,441,569		894,185		7,056,933
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND										
FUND BALANCES	\$	6,349,596	\$	3,668,005	\$	3,837,442	\$	912,639	\$	14,767,682

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 7,056,933
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Deferred outflows of resources - related to pension Deferred inflows of resources - related to pension Deferred outflows of resources - related to other postemployment benefit Deferred inflows of resources - related to other postemployment benefit Deferred inflows of resources - related to state funding for pension	7,105,721 (9,013,648) 2,874,720 (6,731,196) (1,864,462)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resourcesand are not reported in the funds:The cost of the capital assets isAccumulated depreciation/amortization is	
	6,797,145
Long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds: General obligation bonds payable Direct borrowing and direct placement Compensated absences Accrued interest is not included as a liability in governmental funds, it is recorded when paid Net pension liability Net other postemployment benefit liability	 (2,961,113) (50,978) (16,148) (16,738) (27,385,075) (1,799,153)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (26,003,992)

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Special	Revenue		
	General Fund	Special Education Fund	Career and Technical Education Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Local sources Property taxes Investment earnings	\$	\$ 8,566,994 -	\$   2,850,320 -	\$ - -	\$ 11,986,856 8,296
Student/school activities	-	-	-	7,938	7,938
Other	214,904	1,189,053	200		1,404,157
Total local sources	792,742	9,756,047	2,850,520	7,938	13,407,247
State sources	5,390,323	7,067,190	1,476,767	-	13,934,280
Federal sources	1,676,942	3,928,855	353,726	76,712	6,036,235
Interdistrict sources and other	2,725,560	7,453,547	298,616		10,477,723
TOTAL REVENUES	10,585,567	28,205,639	4,979,629	84,650	43,855,485
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction	2,819,268	2,955,322	2,587,429	-	8,362,019
Supporting services	7,228,294	13,204,842	1,985,426	-	22,418,562
Community service activities	185,450	38,443	869	-	224,762
Outgoing transfers to other districts	1,855,052	10,437,562	-	-	12,292,614
Food service	-	-	-	74,538	74,538
Student/school activities	-	-	-	1,446	1,446
Capital outlay	-	-	-	177,730	177,730
Debt service					
Principal repayment	44,520	-	-	135,000	179,520
Interest expense	1,164			104,475	105,639
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	12,133,748	26,636,169	4,573,724	493,189	43,836,830
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,548,181)	1,569,470	405,905	(408,539)	18,655
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	2,025,730	-	_	482,475	2,508,205
Transfers out	(150,849)	(2,162,187)	(195,169)		(2,508,205)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,874,881	(2,162,187)	(195,169)	482,475	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	326,700	(592,717)	210,736	73,936	18,655
FUND BALANCES Beginning of year	2,025,664	961,532	3,230,833	820,249	7,038,278
End of year	\$ 2,352,364	\$ 368,815	\$ 3,441,569	\$ 894,185	\$ 7,056,933

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds	\$ 18,655
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization: Depreciation/amortization expense Capital outlay	(534,496) 214,513
Accrued interest on bonds is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred; it is not recorded in governmental funds until it is paid: Accrued interest payable, beginning of the year	17,413
Accrued interest payable, end of the year	(16,738)
The issuance of long term obligations (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term and related items are as follows:	
Payments on general obligation bonds	135,000
Payments on direct borrowings and direct placement Amortization of premium on bond issuance	45,684 3,195
Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds: Accrued compensated absences, beginning of the year	16,148
Accrued compensated absences, end of the year	(16,148)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds: Pension related items Other postemployment benefit related items	(39,337) 1,633,486
	1,000,100
Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period: State aid funding for pension, beginning of the year	1,505,596
State aid funding for pension, end of the year	 (1,864,462)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,118,509

## **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### **Description of Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Agency. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities* normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Eaton Regional Education Service Agency (the "Agency") is governed by the Eaton Regional Education Service Agency Board of Education (the "Board"), which has responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education within the Agency. The Agency receives funding from local, state, and federal sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Agency is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, the Agency's reporting entity does not contain any component units as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements.

#### Basis of Presentation - Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from the governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide information about the Agency's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Agency reports the following *Major Governmental Fund*:

The *General Fund* is the Agency's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Agency, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### Major Special Revenue Funds:

The *Special Education Fund* accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for special education programs.

The *Career and Technical Education Fund* accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for career and technical education.

## **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements (continued)

#### Nonmajor Funds:

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The nonmajor *Special Revenue Funds* account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects). The Agency accounts for its food service and student/school activities as special revenue funds.

The *General, Special Education, and Career and Technical Education Capital Projects Funds* account for the accumulation of resources for the construction/purchase of construction/capital assets.

During the course of operations, the Agency has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

## **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Agency considers revenues to be available if they are generally collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, state and federal aid, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expendituredriven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end).

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per pupil based on a State-wide formula. The foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of State funds to school districts based on information supplied by the districts. For the current year ended, the foundation allowance was based on pupil membership counts.

The state portion of the foundation is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills on Principal Residence Exemption (PRE) property and an allocated portion of state sales and other taxes. The local portion of the foundation is funded primarily by Non-PRE property taxes which may be levied at a rate up to 18 mills as well as 6 mills for Commercial Personal Property Tax. The state revenue is recognized during the foundation period and is funded through payments from October to August. Thus, the unpaid portion at June 30 is reported as an intergovernmental receivable.

The Agency also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain governmental funds require an accounting to the state of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received and accrued, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue.

All other revenue items are generally considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Agency.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Budgetary Information**

## Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund and special revenue funds. Other funds do not have appropriated budgets.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executor) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). The Agency does not utilize encumbrance accounting.

The Agency follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. The Superintendent submits to the School Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The level of control for the budgets is at the functional level as set forth and presented as required supplementary information.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally adopted by School Board resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (1968 PA 2). The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year when necessary to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financing sources will be less than anticipated or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated. Violations, if any, in the general fund and the major special revenue funds are noted in the required supplementary information section.
- d. Transfers may be made for budgeted amounts between major expenditure functions within any fund; however, these transfers and any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the School Board.
- e. The budget was amended during the year with supplemental appropriations, the last one approved prior to year-end June 30, 2022. The Agency does not consider these amendments to be significant.

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Agency's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.

## **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

## Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

#### Investments

In accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws, the Agency is authorized to invest in the following investment vehicles:

- a. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or a savings and loan association which is a member of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation (FSLIC) or a credit union which is insured by the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA), but only if the bank, savings and loan association, or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belonging to the State under section 5 or 6 of Act No. 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, as amended, being Section 21.145 and 21.146 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services, and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. The United States government or federal agency obligations repurchase agreements.
- e. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- f. Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles, which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Michigan Compiled Laws allow for collateralization of government deposits, if the assets for pledging are acceptable to the State Treasurer under Section 3 of 1855 PA 105, MCL 21.143, to secure deposits of State surplus funds, securities issued by the Federal Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association, or Government National Mortgage Association.

#### Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Inventories of the career and technical education fund are comprised principally of land held for a future building site, including property taxes.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

## Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and transportation vehicles, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Agency as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Group purchases are evaluated on a case by case basis. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. Right to use assets of the Agency are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease period or the estimated useful lives. The other property, plant, and equipment of the Agency are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Asset Classes	Lives
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles and buses	8 years
Right to use - leased equipment	5 years

## Defined Benefit Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefit liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and other postemployment benefit, and pension and other postemployment benefit expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## Deferred Outflows

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Agency has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are pension and other postemployment benefit related items reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred outflow is recognized for pension and other postemployment benefit related items. These amounts are expensed in the plan year in which they apply.

## **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

## Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

## Deferred Inflows

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Agency has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is restricted section 147c state aid deferred to offset deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period. The second and third items are future resources yet to be recognized in relation to the pension and other postemployment benefit actuarial calculation. These future resources arise from differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension and other postemployment benefit liability and the actual results. The amounts are amortized over a period determined by the actuary.

#### Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Agency will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Agency's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

#### Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the Agency will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Agency's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

## Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Agency itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Agency's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Agency that can, by adoption of a board action prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the board action remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another board action) to remove or revise the limitation.

## **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

## Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

#### *Fund Balance Policies (continued)*

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Agency for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Education has by resolution authorized the superintendent or their designee to assign fund balance. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

#### Leases

The Agency is a lessee for a noncancelable lease of equipment. The Agency recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in the government-wide financial statements. The Agency recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value that it considers significant to the government-wide financial statements, or with annual lease payments that are considered significant to the fund in which they are accounted for.

At the commencement of a lease, the Agency initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the Agency determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The Agency uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Agency generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- > The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the Agency is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Agency monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

## **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

#### Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, unrestricted state aid, interest, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### Property Taxes

Property taxes levied by the Agency are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the Agency. The taxes are levied and become a lien as of July 1 and December 1 and are due upon receipt of the billing by the taxpayer and become a lien on the first day of the levy year. The actual due dates are September 14 and February 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity.

Property taxes receivable are recorded net of allowances for uncollectible taxes.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Agency levied the following amounts per \$1,000 of assessed valuation:

Fund	Mills
General fund Special revenue funds	0.1779
Special education fund Career and technical education fund	2.6750 0.8912

## **Compensated Absences**

Support staff personnel hired before July 1, 2000 are eligible for a maximum sick leave payment of \$3,000. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

#### Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term bonds and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method over the term of the related debt. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the year in which they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

## **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

As of June 30, 2022, the Agency had deposits and investments subject to the following risk.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, there is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Agency's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2022, \$6,249,332 of the Agency's bank balance of \$6,749,332 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The carrying value on the books for deposits at the end of the year was \$6,702,731.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Agency will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Agency will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the Agency will do business.

#### Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the Agency will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the Agency's cash requirements.

		Weighted
		Average
		Maturity
Investment Type	Fair Value	(Years)
Michigan Class Investment pool	\$ 2,156,390	0.1507
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.1507

One day maturity equals 0.0027, one year equals 1.00.

## **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)**

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Agency will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Agency's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

Investment Type	Fair Value	Rating	Rating Agency
Michigan Class Investment pool	\$ 2,156,390	AAAm	Standard & Poor's

#### Foreign Currency Risk

The Agency is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

#### Fair Value Measurement

The Agency is required to disclose amounts within a framework established for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.
- Level 2: Prices determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk and others.
- Level 3: Prices determined using significant unobservable inputs. In situations where quoted prices or observable inputs are unavailable or deemed less relevant, unobservable inputs may be used. Unobservable inputs reflect the Agency's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing an investment and would be based on the best information available.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The Agency does not have any investments that are subject to the fair value hierarchy.

## **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)**

#### Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share

The Agency holds shares or interests in the Michigan CLASS investment pool where the fair value of the investments is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment companies as a practical expedient.

The Michigan CLASS investment pool invest in U.S. Treasury obligations, federal agency obligations of the U.S. government, high-grade commercial paper (rated "A1" or better), collateralized bank deposits, repurchase agreements (collateralized at 102% by treasuries and agencies), and approved money market funds. The program is designed to meet the needs of Michigan public sector investors. It purchases securities that are legally permissible under state statues and are available for investment by Michigan counties, cities, townships, school districts, authorities, and other public agencies.

At the year ended June 30, 2022, the fair value, unfunded commitments, and redemption rules of those investments are as follows:

		Unfunded	Redemption Frequency,	Redemption Notice
Investment Type	Fair Value	Commitments	if eligible	Period
Michigan Class Investment pool	\$ 2,156,390	\$ -	No restrictions	None

The cash and cash equivalents and investments referred to above have been reported in either the cash and cash equivalents or investments captions on the financial statements, based upon criteria disclosed in Note 1.

The following summarizes the categorization of these amounts as of June 30, 2022:

The above amounts as previously reported in Note 2:	 Total
Deposits Investments Petty cash and cash on hand	\$ 6,702,728 2,156,390 3
	\$ 8,859,121
The amounts are reported in the financial statements as follows:	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 6,702,731 2,156,390
	\$ 8,859,121

## **NOTE 3 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES**

Intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

	Go 	Government- wide	
Federal sources	\$	2,425,856	
State sources		2,611,122	
Interdistrict sources		504,819	
Other sources		73,800	
	\$	5,615,597	

No allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary based on previous experience.

## **NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES**

Receivable	Fund		Payable	Fund	
General fund	\$	2,816	Food service fund	\$	2,816

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

## **NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

A summary of changes in the Agency's capital assets follows:

	(As Restated) Balance July 1, 2021	Additions/ Reclassifications	Deletions/ Reclassifications	Balance June 30, 2022
Assets not being depreciated				
Construction in process	\$ 8,811	\$ 20,376	\$ (8,811)	\$ 20,376
Other capital assets				
Buildings and improvements	9,959,234	33,605	-	9,992,839
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	1,244,733	169,343	(5,400)	1,408,676
Vehicles and buses	54,458	-	-	54,458
Right to use - leased equipment	96,662			96,662
Subtotal	11,355,087	202,948	(5,400)	11,552,635
Accumulated depreciation/amortization				
Buildings and improvements	3,834,710	339,479	-	4,174,189
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	383,764	130,213	(5,400)	508,577
Vehicles and buses	28,296	6,807	-	35,103
Right to use - leased equipment		57,997		57,997
Subtotal	4,246,770	534,496	(5,400)	4,775,866
Net capital assets being				
depreciated/amortized	7,108,317	(331,548)		6,776,769
Net governmental capital assets	\$ 7,117,128	\$ (311,172)	\$ (8,811)	\$ 6,797,145

Depreciation/amortization for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 amounted to \$534,496. The Agency allocated depreciation/amortization to the various activities as follows:

Governmental activities	
Instruction	\$ 469,692
Support services	64,804
Total governmental activities	\$ 534,496
_	

## **NOTE 6 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL PAYABLES**

Intergovernmental payables as of June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities	Amount	
Interdistrict payables Other governmental payables	\$	1,662,571 42,813
Total governmental activities	\$	1,705,384

## **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term obligations of the Agency for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	General Obligation Bonds	Direct Borrowings and Direct Placement	Compensated Absences	Total
Balance, July 1, 2021, as restated Deletions	\$ 3,099,308 (138,195)	\$     96,662 (45,684)	\$ 16,148	\$ 3,212,118 (183,879)
Balance, June 30, 2022	2,961,113	50,978	16,148	3,028,239
Due within one year	140,000	39,307		179,307
Due in more than one year	\$ 2,821,113	\$ 11,671	\$ 16,148	\$ 2,848,932

The Agency issues general and limited obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, and improvement of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Agency. Other long-term obligations include employee compensated absences.

## **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)**

Long-term obligations currently outstanding are as follows:

## **General Obligation Bonds**

2018 Building & Site Bonds dated May 22, 2018, which bear interest ranging from 3.00% to 3.50%, are due in annual installments of \$140,000 to \$375,000 each May 1st through 2038. Payments are made from the	
Debt Service Fund.	\$ 2,910,000
	F4 440
Plus premium on bond issuance	 51,113
Total general obligation bonds	2,961,113
Direct Borrowing and Direct Placement	
Copier lease due in monthly installments of \$4,987 through February 28,	
2023, with an implied interest rate of 4.00%.	50,978
Compensated absences	 16,148
Total general long-term obligations	\$ 3,028,239

The Agency's outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities of \$39,307 contains provisions that in an event of default, either by (1) unable to make principal or interest payments (2) false or misrepresentation is made to the lender (3) become insolvent or make an assignment for the benefit of its creditors (4) if the lender at any time in good faith believes that the prospect of payment of any indebtedness is impaired. Upon the occurrence of any default event, the outstanding amounts, including accrued interest become immediately due and payable.

The annual payments to amortize the general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Ge	eneral Oblig	gation	Bonds		Direct Born Direct Pl	0		Com	pensated	
Year Ending June 30,	Pri	rincipal		Interest		rest Principal I		Interest Absences		sences	 Total
2023		140,000	\$	100,426	\$	39,307	\$	592	\$	-	\$ 280,325
2024		145,000		96,226		11,671		-		-	252,897
2025		150,000		91,876		-		-		-	241,876
2026		155,000		86,626		-		-		-	241,626
2027		-		81,200		-		-		-	81,200
2028 - 2032	1,	045,000		318,328		-		-		-	1,363,328
2033 - 2037	1,	045,000		152,602		-		-		-	1,197,602
2038		230,000		8,050		-		-		-	 238,050
	2,	910,000		935,334		50,978		592		-	3,896,904
Premium on bond issuance		51,113		-		-		-		-	51,113
Compensated absences		-		-		-		-		16,148	 16,148
	\$2,	961,113	\$	935,334	\$	50,978	\$	592	\$	16,148	\$ 3,964,165

## **NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

## Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) (System) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, State-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the Board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. MPSERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that can be obtained at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State of Michigan Investment Board serves as the investment fiduciary and custodian for the System.

## Benefits Provided - Overall

Participants are enrolled in one of multiple plans based on date of hire and certain voluntary elections. A summary of the plans offered by MPSERS is as follows:

<u>Plan Name</u>	<u>Plan Type</u>	<u>Plan Status</u>
Basic Member Investment Plan (MIP) Pension Plus Pension Plus 2 Defined Contribution	Defined Benefit Defined Benefit Hybrid Hybrid Defined Contribution	Closed Closed Closed Open Open
		-

#### **Benefits Provided - Pension**

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

Prior to Pension reform of 2010 there were two plans commonly referred to as Basic and the Member Investment Plan (MIP). Basic Plan member's contributions range from 0% - 4%. On January 1, 1987, the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990, contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. Members first hired January 1, 1990, or later including Pension Plus Plan members, contribute at various graduated permanently fixed contribution rates from 3.0% - 7.0%.

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

#### Pension Reform 2010

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

## Pension Reform 2012

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010 and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

An amount determined by the member's election of Option 1, 2, 3, or 4 described below:

<u>Option 1</u> - Members voluntarily elected to increase their contributions to the pension fund as noted below and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they terminate public school employment.

- ➢ Basic plan members: 4% contribution
- Member Investment Plan (MIP)-Fixed, MIP-Graded, and MIP-Plus members: a flat 7% contribution

<u>Option 2</u> - Members voluntarily elected to increase their contribution to the pension fund as stated in Option 1 and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they reach 30 years of service. If and when they reach 30 years of service, their contribution rates will return to the previous level in place as of the day before their transient date (0% for Basic plan members, 3.9% for MIP-Fixed, up to 4.3% for MIP-Graded, or up to 6.4% for MIP-Plus). The pension formula for any service thereafter would include a 1.25% pension factor.

<u>Option 3</u> - Members voluntarily elected not to increase their contribution to the pension fund and maintain their current level of contribution to the pension fund. The pension formula for their years of service as of the day before their transition date will include a 1.5% pension factor. The pension formula for any service thereafter will include a 1.25% pension factor.

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

#### Pension Reform 2012 (continued)

<u>Option 4</u> - Members voluntarily elected to no longer contribute to the pension fund and therefore are switched to the Defined Contribution plan for future service as of their transition date. As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to the tax-deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS to a 457 account. They vest in employer contributions and related earnings in their 401(k)-account based on the following schedule: 50% at 2 years, 75% at 3 years, and 100% at 4 years of service. They are 100% vested in any personal contributions and related earnings in their 457 account. Upon retirement, if they meet age and service requirements (including their total years of service), they would also receive a pension (calculated based on years of service and final average compensation as of the day before their transition date and a 1.5% pension factor).

Members who did not make an election before the deadline defaulted to Option 3 as described above. Deferred or nonvested public school employees on September 3, 2012, who return to public school employment on or after September 4, 2012, will be considered as if they had elected Option 3 above. Returning members who made the retirement plan election will retain whichever option they chose.

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012 choose between two retirement plans: The Pension Plus Plan and a Defined Contribution that provides a 50% employer match up to 3% of salary on employee contributions.

<u>Final Average Compensation (FAC)</u> - Average of highest 60 consecutive months for Basic Plan members and Pension Plus members (36 months for MIP members). FAC is calculated as of the last day worked unless the member elected Option 4, in which case the FAC is calculated at the transition date.

## Pension Reform of 2017

On July 13, 2017, the Governor signed Public Act 92 of 2017 into law. The legislation closed the Pension Plus plan to newly hired employees as of February 1, 2018 and created a new, optional Pension Plus 2 plan with similar plan benefit calculations but containing a 50/50 cost share between the employee and the employer, including the cost of future unfunded liabilities. The assumed rate of return on the Pension Plus 2 plan is 6%. Further, under certain adverse actuarial conditions, the Pension Plus 2 plan will close to new employees if the actuarial funded ratio falls below 85% for two consecutive years. The law included other provisions to the retirement eligibility age, plan assumptions, and unfunded liability payment methods.

#### Benefits Provided - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB)

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members), the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus plan members), have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

## **NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)**

#### Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions will be deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

## Regular Retirement (no reduction factor for age)

<u>Eligibility</u> - A Basic plan member may retire at age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, age 46 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided member worked through 60<sup>th</sup> birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years. For Pension Plus Plan (PPP) members, age 60 with 10 years of credited service.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - The annual pension is paid monthly for the lifetime of a retiree. The calculation of a member's pension is determined by their pension election under PA 300 of 2012.

## Member Contributions

Depending on the plan selected, member contributions range from 0% - 7% for pension and 0% - 3% for other postemployment benefits. Plan members electing the Defined Contribution plan are not required to make additional contributions.

#### **Employer Contributions**

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits and OPEB. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The normal cost is the annual cost assigned under the actuarial funding method, to the current and subsequent plan years. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis.

## **NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)**

#### Employer Contributions (continued)

Pension and OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021 were determined as of the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuations. The pension and OPEB benefits, the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liabilities as of September 30, 2018 are amortized over a 19-year period beginning October 1, 2020 and ending September 30, 2038.

School districts' contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are several different benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS. The range of rates is as follows:

		Other
		Postemployment
	Pension	Benefit
October 1, 2020 - September 30, 2021	13.39% - 19.78%	7.57% - 8.43%
October 1, 2021 - September 30, 2022	13.73% - 20.14%	7.23% - 8.09%

The Agency's pension contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were equal to the required contribution total. Total pension contributions were approximately \$4,038,000. Of the total pension contributions approximately \$3,888,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$150,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Contribution Plan.

The Agency's OPEB contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were equal to the required contribution total. Total OPEB contributions were approximately \$965,000. Of the total OPEB contributions approximately \$900,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$65,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Contribution Plan.

These amounts, for both pension and OPEB benefit, include contributions funded from State Revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate (100% for pension and 0% for OPEB).

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

## <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> <u>Related to Pensions</u>

#### Pension Liabilities

The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2020 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The Agency's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

MPSERS (Plan) Non-university Employers	September 30, 2021		September 30, 2020		
Total pension liability	\$	86,392,473,395	\$	85,290,583,799	
Plan fiduciary net position	\$	62,717,060,920	\$	50,939,496,006	
Net pension liability	\$	23,675,412,475	\$	34,351,087,793	
Proportionate share		0.11567%		0.11297%	
Net pension liability for the Agency	\$	27,385,075	\$	38,806,616	

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Agency recognized pension expense of \$3,926,950.

At June 30, 2022, the Reporting Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		]	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	424,207	\$	(161,266)	
Net differences between projected and actual plan investment earnings		-		(8,804,214)	
Changes of assumptions		1,726,257		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,400,292		(48,168)	
Reporting Unit's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,554,965			
	\$	7,105,721	\$	(9,013,648)	

## **NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)**

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> <u>Related to Pensions (continued)</u>

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

\$3,554,965, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Agency employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30,	Amount
2222	<b>*</b> (101 0 10)
2022	\$ (121,343)
2023	(1,137,123)
2024	(1,903,395)
2025	(2,301,031)

## <u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related</u> to OPEB

#### **OPEB** Liabilities

The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2020 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The Agency's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

MPSERS (Plan) Non-university Employers	September 30, 2021		September 30, 2020	
Total other postemployment benefit liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ \$	12,046,393,511 10,520,015,621	\$ \$	13,206,903,534 7,849,636,555
Net other postemployment benefit liability	\$ \$	1,526,377,890 0.11787%	\$	5,357,266,979 0.11553%
Proportionate share Net other postemployment benefit liability for		0.11787%		0.11555%
the Agency	\$	1,799,153	\$	6,189,206

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

## <u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related</u> to OPEB (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Agency recognized OPEB benefit of \$733,614.

At June 30, 2022, the Reporting Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$-	\$ (5,135,555)
Net differences between projected and actual plan investment earnings	-	(1,356,054)
Changes of assumptions	1,504,003	(225,055)
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	610,146	(14,532)
Reporting Unit's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	760,571	
	\$ 2,874,720	\$ (6,731,196)

\$760,571, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Agency employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Amount
2022	\$ (1,124,962)
2023	(1,067,401)
2024	(1,054,716)
2025	(988,470)
2026	(337,256)
2027	(44,242)

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions

**Investment Rate of Return for Pension** - 6.80% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the MIP, Basic and Pension Plus groups and 6.00% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for Pension Plus 2 Plan.

**Investment Rate of Return for OPEB** - 6.95% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses.

**Salary Increases** - The rate of pay increase used for individual members is 2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%.

**Inflation** - 3.0%.

#### **Mortality Assumptions -**

*Retirees*: RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

*Active*: RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

*Disabled Retirees*: RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

**Experience Study** - The annual actuarial valuation report of the System used for these statements is dated September 30, 2020. Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total pension and OPEB liability beginning with the September 30, 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

**The Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Investments** - The pension rate was 6.80% (MIP, Basic, and Pension Plus Plan) and 6.00% for Pension Plus 2 Plan, and the other postemployment benefit rate was 6.95%, net of investment and administrative expenses was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

**Cost of Living Pension Adjustments** - 3.0% annual non-compounded for MIP members.

**Healthcare Cost Trend Rate for Other Postemployment Benefit** - 7.0% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen.

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

**Additional Assumptions for Other Postemployment Benefit Only** - Applies to Individuals Hired Before September 4, 2012:

Opt Out Assumption - 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.

Survivor Coverage - 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverage continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage Election at Retirement - 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

The target asset allocation at September 30, 2021 and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
Investment Category	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.00%	5.40%
International Equity Pools	15.00%	9.10%
Private Equity Pools	16.00%	7.50%
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.00%	5.40%
Fixed Income Pools	10.50%	-0.70%
Absolute Return Pools	9.00%	2.60%
Real Return/Opportunistic Pools	12.50%	6.10%
Short Term Investment Pools	2.00%	-1.30%
	100.00%	

\*Long term rate of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.0% inflation.

**Rate of Return** - For fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 27.3% and 27.14% respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

**Pension Discount Rate** - A single discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). This discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from school districts will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## **NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)**

#### Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

**OPEB Discount Rate** - A single discount rate of 6.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that school districts contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

**Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a single discount rate of 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan), as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point-higher than the current rate:

		Pension	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Reporting Unit's proportionate			
share of the net pension liability	\$ 39,153,230	\$ 27,385,075	\$ 17,628,502

**Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using a single discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Other Postemployment Benefit						
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase				
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the							
net other postemployment benefit liability	\$ 3,343,152	\$ 1,799,153	\$ 488,850				

**Sensitivity to the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates** - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 7.0% (decreasing to 3.5%), as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Other Postemployment Benefit						
	Current						
	Healthcare Cost						
	1%	6 Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase			
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability	\$	437,900	\$ 1,799,153	\$ 3,330,728			

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

#### Pension and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

**Payable to the Pension and OPEB Plan** - At year end the School Agency is current on all required pension and other postemployment benefit plan payments. Amounts accrued at year end for accounting purposes are separately stated in the financial statements as a liability titled accrued retirement. These amounts represent current payments for June paid in July, accruals for summer pay primarily for teachers, and the contributions due from State Revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL).

## **NOTE 9 - GRANTS**

The Agency receives numerous grants in furtherance of its educational purposes. Sources of grants for the year ended June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Source	General Education	Special Education	Career and Technical Education	Food Service	Total
Local State Federal	\$ 107,176 4,036,632 1,676,328	\$- 121,104 3,868,705	\$- - 353,726	\$ - - 77,326	\$ 107,176 4,157,736 5,976,085
	\$ 5,820,136	\$ 3,989,809	\$ 353,726	\$ 77,326	\$ 10,240,997

Federal grant sources do not include Medicaid funds and certain adjustments which are included in the supplemental Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

## **NOTE 10 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

The composition of interfund transfers at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Transfers Out							
	General Fund		Special Techn Education Educa		Career and Technical Education Fund		Total	
Transfers in:		Fullu	Fund		runu		Total	
General fund	\$	-	\$ 1,850,457	\$	175,273	\$	2,025,730	
General capital projects fund		34,000	-		-		34,000	
Special education capital projects fund		-	200,000		-		200,000	
Career and technical education								
capital projects fund		-	-		9,000		9,000	
Other nonmajor governmental funds		116,849	111,730		10,896		239,475	
Total	\$	150,849	\$ 2,162,187	\$	195,169	\$	2,508,205	

## **NOTE 10 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS (continued)**

Transfers provided funding for the general fund as a result of shared costs in the special education and career and technical education funds. Transfers also provided funding for debt service and capital projects.

## **NOTE 11 - TAX ABATEMENTS**

The Agency is required to disclose significant tax abatements as required by GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatements*.

The Agency receives reduced property tax revenues as a result of Industrial Facilities Tax exemptions, Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements, and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) granted by cities, villages and townships. Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities, or to rehabilitate historical facilities; Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements are intended to reimburse taxpayers that remediate environmental contamination on their properties; PILOT programs apply to multiple unit housing for citizens of low income and the elderly. The property taxes abated for all funds by municipality under these programs are as follows:

Municipality		Taxes Abated		
City of Charlotte	\$	\$	2,689	
City of Eaton Rapids			2,777	
City of Grand Ledge			4,424	
City of Potterville			1,293	
Delta Township			38,552	
Oneida Township			9,660	
City of Lansing			7,280	
	9	\$	66,675	

There are no abatements made by the Agency.

#### **NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS**

The Agency has approximately \$816,000 recorded as internally committed fund balance in the Career and Technical Education Fund at June 30, 2022. The fund balance in this fund is restricted on the governmental balance sheet. The Agency has an internal commitment that they track annually.

#### **NOTE 13 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Agency expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

## **NOTE 14 - UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS**

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases,* as amended. The Agency is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

## NOTE 15 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Agency implemented the following new pronouncement: GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*.

## **Summary:**

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases, was issued by the GASB in June 2017. The objective of this Statement is to increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use the underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

The restatement of the beginning of year had no impact on net position. The change capital assets and long-term obligations is as follows:

	C	apital Asset	Long-term Obligations
Balances as of July 1, 2021, as previously stated Adoption of GASB Statement 87	\$	7,020,466 96,662	\$ 3,115,456 96,662
Net position as of July 1, 2021, as restated	\$	7,117,128	\$ 3,212,118

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES	¢ 505.015	¢ 500.045	¢ 500 540	
Local sources	\$      787,815 4,856,675	\$ 799,347	\$ 792,742	\$ (6,605) 45,276
State sources Federal sources	4,856,675 1,415,692	5,345,047 1,820,080	5,390,323 1,676,942	45,276 (143,138)
Interdistrict sources and other	2,062,820	2,653,825	2,725,560	71,735
interuisti ict sources and other	2,002,020	2,033,023	2,723,300	/1,/55
TOTAL REVENUES	9,123,002	10,618,299	10,585,567	(32,732)
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction				
Basic programs	1,971,176	2,727,836	2,819,268	(91,432)
Added needs		1,500		1,500
Total instruction	1,971,176	2,729,336	2,819,268	(89,932)
Supporting services				
Pupil	575,302	593,124	636,332	(43,208)
Instructional staff	3,586,861	3,478,174	3,561,907	(83,733)
General administration	581,305	525,555	517,533	8,022
School administration	6,364	20,287	10,126	10,161
Business	610,098	568,749	579,754	(11,005)
Operation/maintenance	613,132	592,393	581,158	11,235
Pupil transportation	89,640	72,696	54,038	18,658
Central	1,268,541	1,277,819	1,287,446	(9,627)
Total supporting services	7,331,243	7,128,797	7,228,294	(99,497)
Community services	129,779	200,639	185,450	15,189
Transfer to school districts and other governmental units	1,517,930	2,021,229	1,855,052	166,177
Debt service		59,844	45,684	14,160
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	10,950,128	12,139,845	12,133,748	6,097
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,827,126)	(1,521,546)	(1,548,181)	(26,635)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	2,013,132	2,084,845	2,025,730	(59,115)
Transfers out	(160,763)	(144,387)	(150,849)	(6,462)
	(100,700)	(11,007)	(100,017)	(0,101)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,852,369	1,940,458	1,874,881	(65,577)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 25,243	\$ 418,912	326,700	\$ (92,212)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of year			2,025,664	
End of year			\$ 2,352,364	

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 9,445,455	\$ 9,747,179	\$ 9,756,047	\$ 8,868
State sources	6,796,750	7,092,540	7,067,190	(25,350)
Federal sources	3,862,260	3,958,332	3,928,855	(29,477)
Interdistrict sources and other	8,178,270	7,585,876	7,453,547	(132,329)
TOTAL REVENUES	28,282,735	28,383,927	28,205,639	(178,288)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	2 0 6 0 0 7 1	2061 525	2055 222	6 202
Added needs	3,068,071	2,961,525	2,955,322	6,203
Supporting corrigos				
Supporting services Pupil	9,019,706	9,062,276	9,011,666	50,610
Instructional staff	1,075,733	9,082,278 1,009,934	9,011,000 978,290	31,644
General administration	1,075,755	1,009,934	970,290	51,044
School administration	383,863	389,112	- 378,900	10,212
Business	117,894	106,298	113,972	(7,674)
Operation/maintenance	72,750	100,200	96,170	4,230
Pupil transportation	2,963,618	2,428,700	2,535,087	(106,387)
Central	113,225	103,580	90,757	12,823
Sentru	110,000	100,000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	12,020
Total supporting services	13,761,789	13,200,300	13,204,842	(4,542)
Community services	38,219	72,758	38,443	34,315
Transfer to school districts and other				
governmental units	9,288,826	10,427,057	10,437,562	(10,505)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	26,156,905	26,661,640	26,636,169	25,471
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,125,830	1,722,287	1,569,470	(152,817)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(2 125 445)	(2 221 060)	(2,162,187)	59,782
Transfers out	(2,135,445)	(2,221,969)	[2,102,107]	59,762
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (9,615)	\$ (499,682)	(592,717)	\$ (93,035)
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year			961,532	
End of your			¢ 260.01 F	
End of year			\$ 368,815	

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 2,732,334	\$ 2,849,200	\$ 2,850,520	\$ 1,320
State sources	1,300,430	1,448,360	1,476,767	28,407
Federal sources	343,440	353,726	353,726	-
Intermediate district and other	295,200	304,800	298,616	(6,184)
TOTAL REVENUES	4,671,404	4,956,086	4,979,629	23,543
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction				
Added needs	3,012,902	2,566,126	2,587,429	(21,303)
Supporting services	074 225	044262		(12 25 4)
Pupil Instructional staff	974,335	944,262 579,745	956,516	(12,254)
School administration	552,441 248,676	237,689	569,186	10,559
Business	248,676 2,500	10,000	238,002 8,419	(313) 1,581
	2,500 210,400	262,085	206,159	55,926
Pupil transportation Central	12,500	12,500	7,144	5,356
Central	12,500	12,500	/,144	5,550
Total supporting services	2,000,852	2,046,281	1,985,426	60,855
Community services	4,000	2,500	869	1,631
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,017,754	4,614,907	4,573,724	41,183
EXCESS (DEFICIENCIES) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(346,350)	341,179	405,905	64,726
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(209,506)	(207,536)	(195,169)	12,367
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (555,856)	\$ 133,643	210,736	\$ 77,093
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year			3,230,833	
End of year			\$ 3,441,569	

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF PLAN YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Reporting Unit's proportion of net pension liability (%)	0.11567%	0.11297%	0.11119%	0.10686%	0.10203%	0.09722%	0.09093%	0.09566%
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 27,385,075	\$ 38,806,616	\$ 36,821,509	\$ 32,123,687	\$ 26,440,435	\$ 24,255,435	\$ 22,209,418	\$ 21,071,438
Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,686,281	\$ 10,252,689	\$ 9,808,246	\$ 9,467,511	\$ 8,709,026	\$ 8,527,260	\$ 7,690,197	\$ 8,448,492
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	256.26%	378.50%	375.41%	339.30%	303.60%	284.45%	288.80%	249.41%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability (Non-university employers)	72.60%	59.72%	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF YEAR ENDED JUNE 30)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required pension contributions	\$ 3,887,612	\$ 3,420,868	\$ 3,052,452	\$ 2,924,307	\$ 2,798,385	\$ 2,356,657	\$ 2,090,007	\$ 1,722,375
Pension contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	3,887,612	3,420,868	3,052,452	2,924,307	2,798,385	2,356,657	2,090,007	1,722,375
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$-	\$
Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,009,847	\$ 10,480,072	\$ 10,187,780	\$ 9,689,199	\$ 9,382,472	\$ 8,534,318	\$ 8,119,266	\$ 8,374,992
Pension contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	35.31%	32.64%	29.96%	30.18%	29.83%	27.61%	25.74%	20.57%

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF PLAN YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Reporting Unit's proportion of net other postemployment benefit liability (%)	0.11787%	0.11553%	0.11256%	0.11144%	0.10242%
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net other postemployment benefit liability	\$ 1,799,153	\$ 6,189,206	\$ 8,079,209	\$ 8,858,127	\$ 9,069,524
Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,686,281	\$ 10,252,689	\$ 9,808,246	\$ 9,467,511	\$ 8,709,026
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net other postemployment benefit liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	16.84%	60.37%	82.37%	93.56%	104.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total other postemployment benefit liability (Non-university employers)	87.33%	59.44%	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF YEAR ENDED JUNE 30)

Statutorily required other postemployment		2022		2021	2020		2019			2018		
Statutorily required other postemployment benefit contributions	\$	899,873	\$	909,524	\$	854,732	\$	806,702	\$	804,562		
Other postemployment benefit contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions		899,873		909,524		854,732		806,702		804,562		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$			
Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1	11,009,847	\$ 1	10,480,072	\$ 1	10,187,780	\$	9,689,199	\$	9,382,472		
Other postemployment benefit contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		8.17%		8.68%		8.39%		8.33%		8.58%		

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

## **NOTE 1 - PENSION INFORMATION**

Benefit Changes - there were no changes of benefit terms in 2021.

Changes of Assumptions - there were no changes of assumptions in 2021.

## **NOTE 2 - OPEB INFORMATION**

Benefit Changes - there were no changes of benefit terms in 2021.

Changes of Assumptions - the assumption changes for 2021 were:

Healthcare cost trend rate was broken into two groups, Pre 65 and Post 65. The Pre 65 rate is 7.75% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 15. The Post 65 rate is 5.25% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 15. The prior healthcare cost trend rate was reported as one group with a rate of 7.00% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 15.

## ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds						Capital Project Funds Special Career and							
	S	Food ervice Fund		Student/DebtSchoolServiceActivitiesFund			General Capital Projects Fund		Special ducation Capital Projects Fund	Technical Education Capital Projects Fund		Ň	Total Ionmajor Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Intergovernmental	\$	6,710	\$	31,356 -	\$	28,491 -	\$	391,390 -	\$	357,492 -	\$	97,200 -	\$	905,929 6,710
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,710	\$	31,356	\$	28,491	\$	391,390	\$	357,492	\$	97,200	\$	912,639
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable Intergovernmental Due to other funds	\$	16 1,704 2,816	\$	106 - -	\$	- -	\$	3,453 - -	\$	9,392 - -	\$	967 - -	\$	13,934 1,704 2,816
TOTAL LIABILITIES		4,536		106		<u> </u>		3,453		9,392		967		18,454
FUND BALANCES Committed for student/school activities Restricted for food service Assigned		_ 2,174		31,250 -		-		-		-		-		31,250 2,174
Debt service Capital projects		-		-		28,491 -		- 387,937		- 348,100		- 96,233		28,491 832,270
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		2,174		31,250		28,491		387,937		348,100		96,233		894,185
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	6,710	\$	31,356	\$	28,491	\$	391,390	\$	357,492	\$	97,200	\$	912,639

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Special Rev	renue F	unds			Capital Project Funds							
REVENUES	S	Food ervice Fund	S	udent/ School stivities	S	Debt Service Fund	General Capital Projects Fund		E	Special ducation Capital Projects Fund	Te Ed Capita	Career and Technical Education Capital Projects Fund		Total onmajor Funds
Federal sources Student/school activities	\$	76,712	\$	- 7,938	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	76,712 7,938
TOTAL REVENUES		76,712		7,938		-						-		84,650
EXPENDITURES Food service Student/school activities Capital outlay Debt service Principal repayment Interest expense TOTAL EXPENDITURES		74,538 - - - - - 74,538		- 1,446 - - - 1,446		- - - 135,000 104,475 239,475		- 70,189 - - 70,189		- 99,591 - - 99,591		- 7,950 - - 7,950		74,538 1,446 177,730 135,000 104,475 493,189
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		2,174		6,492		(239,475)		(70,189)		(99,591)		(7,950)		(408,539)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in						239,475		34,000		200,000		9,000		482,475
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		2,174		6,492		-		(36,189)		100,409		1,050		73,936
FUND BALANCES Beginning of year				24,758		28,491		424,126		247,691		95,183		820,249
End of year	\$	2,174	\$	31,250	\$	28,491	\$	387,937	\$	348,100	\$	96,233	\$	894,185

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY SCHEDULE OF BONDED DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS 2018 BUILDING AND SITE BONDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

0				 Intere	9		
Year Ending		Pr	incipal Due				Total Due
June 30,	Interest Rate		May 1	 May 1	Nc	ovember 1	Annually
2023	3.00%	\$	140,000	\$ 50,213	\$	50,213	\$ 240,426
2024	3.00%		145,000	48,113		48,113	241,226
2025	3.50%		150,000	45,938		45,938	241,876
2026	3.50%		155,000	43,313		43,313	241,626
2027			-	40,600		40,600	81,200
2028	3.50%		325,000	37,800		37,800	400,600
2029			-	34,913		34,913	69,826
2030	3.50%		345,000	31,938		31,938	408,876
2031			-	28,875		28,875	57,750
2032	3.50%		375,000	25,638		25,638	426,276
2033	3.50%		195,000	22,313		22,313	239,626
2034	3.50%		200,000	18,900		18,900	237,800
2035	3.50%		210,000	15,400		15,400	240,800
2036	3.50%		215,000	11,725		11,725	238,450
2037	3.50%		225,000	7,963		7,963	240,926
2038	3.50%		230,000	 4,025		4,025	 238,050
Total 2018 bond	ed debt	\$	2,910,000	\$ 467,667	\$	467,667	\$ 3,845,334

2018 Building and Site Bonds

The above bonds dated May 22, 2018 were issued for the purpose of remodeling, equipping and reequipping, and furnishing and refurnishing educational buildings and facilities; purchasing and installing information technology systems, equipment and software; and developing and improving sites. The amount of the original bond issue was \$3,300,000.

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Approved Award/Grant Amount	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 7/1/2021	Prior Year Expenditures (Memo Only)	Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Cash Receipts	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 6/30/2022	Current Year Cash Transferred to Subrecipient
U.S. Department of Agriculture								
Passed through Michigan Department of Education								
School Breakfast Program	10 552	¢ 10.400	¢	¢	¢ 10.400	¢ 17.070	¢ 0.100	<i>*</i>
COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program 221971	10.553	\$ 19,492	\$ -	\$-	\$ 19,492	\$ 17,372	\$ 2,120	\$ -
COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program 221970 COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program 211971	10.553 10.553	308	-	-	308	-	308	-
COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program 211971 COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program 211970	10.553	2,640 217	- 217	217	2,640	2,640 217	-	-
COVID-19 - School Breaklast Program 211970	10.555	217	217	217				
Total ALN 10.553		22,657	217	217	22,440	20,229	2,428	-
Passed through Michigan Department of Education								
National School Lunch Program								
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program 221961	10.555	34,254	-	-	34,254	30,476	3,778	-
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program 221960	10.555	504	-	-	504	-	504	-
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program 220910	10.555	7,685	-	-	7,685	7,685	-	-
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program 211965	10.555	5,646	-	-	5,646	5,646	-	-
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program 211961	10.555	4,926	-	-	4,926	4,926	-	-
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program 211960	10.555	403	403	403		403		
Total ALN 10.555		53,418	403	403	53,015	49,136	4,282	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		76,075	620	620	75,455	69,365	6,710	
Passed through Michigan Department of Education								
Child and Adult Care Food Program								
Child and Adult Care Food Program 211925-2021	10.558	1,257			1,257	1,257		
Total ALN 10.558		1,257	-		1,257	1,257	-	-
		,						
Passed through Michigan Department of Education Child and Adult Care Food Program								
Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 210980-2021	10.649	614	-	-	614	614	-	-
Total ALN 10.649		614			614	614		
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		77,946	620	620	77,326	71,236	6,710	

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Approved Award/Grant Amount	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 7/1/2021	Prior Year Expenditures (Memo Only)	Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Cash Receipts	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 6/30/2022	Current Year Cash Transferred to Subrecipient
U.S. Department of Education								
Passed through Michigan Department of Education								
Special Education Cluster								
Special Education Grants to States								
COVID-19 - ARP Flowthrough 221280-2122	84.027	\$ 653,240	\$-	\$ -	\$ 28,920	\$ -	\$ 28,920	\$-
General Supervision 220493-2122	84.027	142,600	-	-	142,600	110,361	32,239	-
General Supervision 210493-GSSG	84.027	142,600	19,172	142,600	-	19,172	-	-
Flowthrough 220450-2122	84.027	3,448,515	-	-	3,424,478	1,968,327	1,456,151	2,457,101
Flowthrough 210450-2021	84.027	3,434,128	838,987	3,411,609	22,519	838,987	22,519	826,456
Flowthrough 200450-1920	84.027	3,296,426	35,395	35,395		35,395		
Total ALN 84.027		11,117,509	893,554	3,589,604	3,618,517	2,972,242	1,539,829	3,283,557
Special Education Preschool Grants								
COVID-19 - ARP Preschool 221285-2122	84.173	54,121	-	-	13,687	-	13,687	-
220460-2122	84.173	105,390	-	-	105,390	80,476	24,914	-
210460-2021	84.173	104,901	9,526	104,901		9,526		
Total ALN 84.173		264,412	9,526	104,901	119,077	90,002	38,601	
Total Special Education Cluster		11,381,921	903,080	3,694,505	3,737,594	3,062,244	1,578,430	3,283,557
Passed through Michigan Department of Education and								
Clinton County Regional Education Service Agency								
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States								
Regional Allocation 223520-221214	84.048	353,726	-	-	353,726	294,480	59,246	-
Regional Allocation 213520-211214	84.048	316,714	78,353	316,714		78,353		
Total ALN 84.048		670,440	78,353	316,714	353,726	372,833	59,246	
Passed through Michigan Department of Education								
Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families								
221283-EOARP	84.181	49,596	-	-	11,341	-	11,341	-
221340-2122	84.181	114,576	-	-	114,576	-	114,576	-
211340-2021	84.181	113,624	113,624	113,624		113,624		
Total ALN 84.181		277,796	113,624	113,624	125,917	113,624	125,917	-

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Approved Award/Grant Amount	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 7/1/2021	Prior Year Expenditures (Memo Only)	Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Cash Receipts	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 6/30/2022	Current Year Cash Transferred to Subrecipient
U.S. Department of Education (continued)								
Passed through Michigan Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies								
221570-2122	84.010	\$ 560,238	\$-	\$-	\$ 334,928	\$-	\$ 334,928	\$ 129,536
211570-2021	84.010	400,892	90,294	152,411	49,242	139,536		136,726
Total ALN 84.010		961,130	90,294	152,411	384,170	139,536	334,928	266,262
Passed through Michigan Department of Education Education Stabilization Fund								
COVID-19 - Early On - Governor's Emergency Relief Funds (GEER) 201230-2021	84.425C	11,011	-	5,817	5,194	5,194	-	-
Total ALN 84.425 and Education Stabilization Fund		11,011		5,817	5,194	5,194		
Passed through Michigan Department of Education								
Homeless Students Grant I 222320-2122	84.196	72,339			63,654		63,654	
Total ALN 84.196		72,339			63,654		63,654	<u> </u>
Total U.S. Department of Education		13,374,637	1,185,351	4,283,071	4,670,255	3,693,431	2,162,175	3,549,819
<u>U.S. Department of Treasury</u> Passed through Michigan Department of Education COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local								
Fiscal Recovery Fund (GSRP) 22S439-2122	21.027	26,100			14,134		14,134	
Total ALN 21.027 and U.S. Department of Treasury		26,100			14,134		14,134	
<u>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</u> Passed through Michigan Department of Education Every Student Succeeds Act/Preschool Development Grants								
213910-3.621	93.434	24,969	1,763	7,509	11,693	13,456		
Total ALN 93.434		24,969	1,763	7,509	11,693	13,456		

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Approved Award/Grant Amount	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 7/1/2021	Prior Year Expenditures (Memo Only)	Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Cash Receipts	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 6/30/2022	Current Year Cash Transferred to Subrecipient
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (continued)								
Passed through Michigan Department of Community Health Affordable Care Act (ACA) Personal Responsibility Education Program 20223245-00 2021-2022 20210893-00 2020-2021	93.092 93.092	\$ 100,000 110,000	\$- 16,871	\$- 	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total ALN 93.092		210,000	16,871	74,724	97,101	98,409	15,563	
Passed through Michigan Department of Human Services Center for Mental Health Services Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Projects of Regional and National Significance 5H79SM081341-03 6H79SM081341-02	93.243 93.243	125,000 125,000	4,705 3,577	36,548 14,162	13,818 59,993	18,523 54,695	8,875	-
Passed through Mid-State Health Network Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Projects of Regional and National Significance MSHN PFS	93.243	63,000	4,378	27,694	16,278	20,656	-	-
Total ALN 93.243		313,000	12,660	78,404	90,089	93,874	8,875	
Direct Programs Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Cooperative Agreements to Promote Adolescent Health through School-Based HIV/STD Prevention and School-Based Surveillance 6-NU87PS004352-04-02 9-18NU87PS004352 9-18NU87PS004352C3	93.079 93.079 93.079	685,419 360,000 190,909	- 59,975 20,857	- 222,244 98,684	206,018 8,983 72,157	152,712 68,958 84,225	53,306 - 8,789	-
5NU87PS004352-02-00	93.079	360,000	192	40,831	168,795	130,055	38,932	-
Passed through Advocates for Youth Advocates for Youth	93.079	4,000				4,000	(4,000)	
Total ALN 93.079		1,600,328	81,024	361,759	455,953	439,950	97,027	

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Approved Award/Grant Amount	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 7/1/2021	Prior Year Expenditures (Memo Only)	Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Cash Receipts	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 6/30/2022	Current Year Cash Transferred to Subrecipient
<u>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (continued)</u> Passed through Advocates for Youth (continued) Medicaid Cluster Medical Assistance Program 2021-2022	93.778	\$ 51,569	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ 33,902	\$ (33,902)	\$-
2020-2021	93.778	60,150	(13,281)	-	60,150	46,869	-	22,138
Total ALN 93.778		111,719	(13,281)		60,150	80,771	(33,902)	22,138
Passed through Mid-State Health Network Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse MSHN Clinton/Eaton/Ingham MSHN Clinton/Eaton/Ingham Total ALN 93.959	93.959 93.959	589,596 583,546 1,173,142		404,840	445,920 	328,548 171,800 500,348	117,372	
		1,175,142	0,2,7	404,040	520,421	500,540	117,372	
Opioid STR Prevention Grant 2021	93.788	21,750	2,710	2,710	10,629	13,339		
Total ALN 93.788		21,750	2,710	2,710	10,629	13,339	-	-
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		3,454,908	191,046	929,946	1,254,036	1,240,147	204,935	22,138
<u>Federal Communications Commission (FCC)</u> Passed through the Universal Service Administrative Company COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Funds	32.009	20,484			20,484	20,484		
Total ALN 32.009		20,484			20,484	20,484		
Total Federal Financial Awards		\$ 16,954,075	\$ 1,377,017	\$ 5,213,637	\$ 6,036,235	\$ 5,025,298	\$ 2,387,954	\$ 3,571,957

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Listing Contract Subrecipie		Due to (from) Subrecipient 7/1/21	Subrecipient Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Cash Transferred to Subrecipient	Due to (from) Subrecipient 6/30/22
<u>U.S. Department of Education</u> Passed through Michigan Department of Education Special Education Cluster Special Education Grants to States Project number 2204502122 - Passed through to: Grand Ledge Public Schools Insight Academy LifeTech Academy	84.027	\$ 3,227,532 160,019 27,044	\$ - - -	\$ 3,227,532 160,019 27,044	\$ 2,375,953 81,148 	\$ 851,579 78,871 27,044
		3,414,595		3,414,595	2,457,101	957,494
Project number 2104502021 - Passed through to: Grand Ledge Public Schools Insight Academy LifeTech Academy	84.027	3,225,508 151,270 22,300	761,211 42,945 22,300	-	761,211 42,945 22,300	-
		3,399,078	826,456		826,456	
Total Special Education Grants to States Cluster		6,813,673	826,456	3,414,595	3,283,557	957,494
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Project number 2215702122- Passed through to: Insight Academy	84.010	321,229	-	159,705	129,536	30,169
LifeTech Academy		227,296		173,828		173,828
		548,525		333,533	129,536	203,997
Project number 2115702021 - Passed through to: Insight Academy LifeTech Academy	84.010	240,892 146,880	20,053 68,871	47,802	67,855 68,871	-
		387,772	88,924	47,802	136,726	
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies		936,297	88,924	381,335	266,262	203,997

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Subrecipient Award/ Due to (from) Contract Subrecipient Amount 7/1/21		Subrecipient Current Year Expenditures		Current Year Cash Transferred to Subrecipient		Su	e to (from) brecipient 6/30/22	
<u>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</u> Direct Program										
Medicaid Cluster										
Medicaid Assistance Program										
2020-2021	93.778									
Charlotte Public Schools		\$	4,628	\$ -	\$	4,628	\$	4,628	\$	-
Eaton Rapids Public Schools			7,395	-		7,395		7,395		-
Grand Ledge Public Schools			7,290	-		6,820		6,820		-
Island City Academy			378	-		378		378		-
Maple Valley Schools			1,593	-		1,593		1,593		-
Potterville Public Schools			1,324	 -		1,324		1,324		-
Total Medicaid Assistance Program Cluster			22,608	 -		22,138		22,138		
Total federal funds passed through to subrecipients		\$	7,772,578	\$ 915,380	\$	3,818,068	\$	3,571,957	\$	1,161,491

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED June 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency.

The Agency qualifies for low-risk auditee status. Management has utilized the NexSys, Cash Management System, and the Grant Auditor Report in preparing the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

## **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are now allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts (if any) shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available. Eaton Regional Education Service Agency has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

The expenditures on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards do not include local match.

## NOTE 3 - RECONCILIATION WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Reconciliation of federal revenues reported on the financial statements with expenditures per the schedule of expenditures of federal awards:

Federal expenditures are reported as revenue in the following funds in the financial statements:

General fund Special education fund Career and technical education fund Food service fund	\$	1,676,942 3,928,855 353,726 76,712
Expenditures per schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$	6,036,235
Federal intergovernmental receivables as reported in Note 3 to the financial statemen	ts:	
Federal intergovernmental receivables Less: Deferred federal funds	\$	2,425,856 (37,902)

Accrued revenue per the schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$	2,387,954
Accided revenue per die schedule of expenditures of rederal awards	Ψ	2,307,734

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED June 30, 2022

## **NOTE 4 - SUBRECIPIENTS**

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, Eaton Regional Education Service Agency provided federal awards to subrecipients reported in the enclosed schedule of pass-through amounts.

#### **NOTE 5 - PROGRAM CLUSTERS**

Program clusters contained within the schedule are as follows:

Child Nutrition Cluster consists of Assistance Listing #10.553 and #10.555. The Special Education Cluster consists of Assistance Listing #84.027 and #84.173. The Medicaid Cluster consists of Assistance Listing #93.778.



2425 E. Grand River Ave., Suite 1, Lansing, MI 48912

중17.323.7500₲ 517.323.6346

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Education of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 14, 2022.

## **Report Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Report Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Manes Costerinan PC

October 14, 2022



2425 E. Grand River Ave., Suite 1, Lansing, MI 48912 517.323.7500

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency

## **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

## **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Eaton Regional Education Service Agency complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

## Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

## Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's federal programs.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- > Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Maney Costerinan PC

October 14, 2022

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2022

## Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

## **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued based on financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> None		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes <u>X</u> None reported		
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes X None		
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes X None		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes <u>X</u> None reported		
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?	Yes X_No		
Identification of major programs:			
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
84.027 & 84.173	Special Education Cluster		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes No		
Section II - Financial Statement Findings			
None			

## Section III - Federal Award Findings and Question Costs

None

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2022

There were no audit findings in the prior year.



2425 E. Grand River Ave., Suite 1, Lansing, MI 48912

중17.323.7500₲ 517.323.6346

October 14, 2022

To the Board of Education Eaton Regional Education Service Agency

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency for the year ended June 30, 2022. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and OMB's Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

## Significant Audit Matters

## Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by Eaton Regional Education Service Agency are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. During fiscal year 2022, the Agency implemented Governmental Accounting Standards No. 87, *Leases*. We noted no transactions entered into by the Agency during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

Estimates have been used to calculate the net pension liability and the net other postemployment benefit liability. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the balance of the net pension liability and net other postemployment benefit liability in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate in calculating the liability for employee compensated absences. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the balance of employee compensated absences in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's determination of the estimated life span of the capital assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used by management to develop the estimated life span of the capital assets in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole. In addition, certain amounts included in capital assets have been estimated based on an outside appraisal company.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. We did not identify any sensitive disclosures.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

## Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

#### Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

## Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

#### Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated October 14, 2022.

## Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Agency's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

#### Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Agency's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

#### Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information (RSI) which are required and supplement the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the other supplementary information, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this other supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the other supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

A separate management letter was not issued.

## Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Education and management of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Maney Costerinan PC